

Cumbria Office of the Police and Crime Commissioner

Grant Regulations 2017-2020

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# Definitions

**‘Regulations**‘– means these Grant Regulations.

‘**Commissioner**’ – means the Police and Crime Commissioner for Cumbria.

‘**Commissioners Monitoring Officer’** – means the Chief Executive.

‘**Chief Executive**’ – means the person appointed by the Commissioner to be head of the Commissioner’s staff as defined within the Police Reform and Social Responsibility Act 2011.

‘**COPCC**’ – means Cumbria Office of the Police & Crime Commissioner.

**‘Commissioning Strategy’** – the Commissioner’s strategy setting out the overall arrangements for commissioning in accordance with the budget and the priorities within the Police and Crime Plan.

**‘Small Grant Scheme’** – The scheme provides funding for initiatives that support objectives in the Police and Crime Plan including community initiatives. In March 2020 the Commissioner introduced the Covid 19 Community Recovery Fund to provide immediate support to providers and community groups, so they can continue to offer support to victims. This fund will end on the 30th September 2020 The Commissioner also has the Property Fund available for community and voluntary groups to access with an aim to reduce crime and disorder at a local level and to support victims to cope and recover.

‘**DPA**’–means the Data Protection Act

**‘EU Procedure**’ – means the set of established, detailed procedural rules which must be observed when awarding works, supplies, and services contracts over the EU monetary thresholds and are intended to promote fair and open competition and a single European Market under The Public Contract Regulations 2015.

‘**FOI**’ – means The Freedom of Information Act 2000.

‘**Organisation**’ – means the Cumbria Office of the Police & Crime Commissioner

‘**Total Value**’ – means the anticipated total spend over the lifetime of a requirement for goods, services or works. This may include implementation costs, ongoing operational costs, and end of life disposal.

‘**Value for Money**’ – means the optimum combination of whole life costs and quality (or fitness for purpose) to meet the user’s requirement.

**‘Cumbria Compact’-** a voluntary compact between VCSE groups and public sector bodies to support collaborative working

**‘VCSE’** – means the voluntary, community and social enterprise sector

**“anti-social behaviour”** means behaviour by a person that causes or is likely to cause harassment, alarm or distress to one or more other persons not of the same household as that person;

**“crime and disorder reduction”** means reduction in levels of:

1. crime and disorder (including anti-social behaviour and other behaviour adversely affecting the local environment),
2. the misuse of drugs, alcohol and other substances, and
3. re-offending.

# Introduction

Welcome to the Grant Regulations for the Cumbria Office of the Police and Crime Commissioner. This document sets out for our staff and partners the rules by which the COPCC will award crime and disorder reduction grants and grants to help victims, witnesses and others affected by offences and anti-social behaviour. These regulations alongside the Procurement Regulations aim to support the delivery of the Commissioning Strategy and Plan.

Grant regulations aim to ensure that grant awards are made in a fair, transparent and consistent manner, ensuring the highest standards of probity and accountability. They also secure that the processes that underpin decision making are robust and that the terms and conditions applied to grant agreements are appropriate to the amount of the grant award and the purpose for which it has been made. Our regulations aim to safeguard public money, supporting decisions that direct funding towards activity and interventions that will have the greatest impact on reducing crime and disorder and deliver best possible outcomes for victims. In doing this we aim to ensure that a wide range of organisations have the opportunity to work with us in support of the vision within the Police and Crime Plan.

**Police and Crime Plan**

The vision within the Commissioner’s Police and Crime Plan is that:

**“**Cumbria remains a safe place to live, work and visit, where the public has a say in policing and organisations and community groups work together to address the causes of crime, as well as the consequences”

The Grant Regulations apply to the issuing of crime and disorder reduction grants and grants to help those affected by offences and anti-social behaviour. They operate alongside the Commissioner’s Procurement Regulations. They do not negate the requirement to comply with procurement regulations for the procurement of supplies, goods and services where the Commissioner receives the direct economic benefit of that supply or where the arrangements are likely to be above the thresholds of the EU procurement directive.

# Purpose, Responsibilities and Policy

The purpose of these Regulations is to:

* Achieve Value for Money and support the priorities within the Police and Crime Plan
* Be consistent with the highest standards of integrity and ensure fairness in allocating grants
* Comply with all legal requirements, particularly in relation to the EU Public Procurement Rules
* Secure good governance in respect of decisions to award grants and enter into grant agreements

## Purpose

## Responsibilities

The Commissioner is responsible for all awards of grants and decisions to enter into grant agreements. All grant awards and grant agreements must be in the name of the “**The Police and Crime Commissioner for Cumbria**”.

The Chief Executive will be responsible for ensuring that staff of the COPCC comply with these regulations; for securing the safekeeping of registers of grant awards and grant agreements; and for securing that records are maintained of exemptions to the open procedure.

The Head of Partnerships and Commissioning is responsible for:

* Maintaining robust and up to date grant regulations; to ensure the grant regulations are complied with
* Ensuring the exercise of due diligence through effective processes and procedures prior to decision making
* The overall arrangements for assurance when awarding funding, to ensure the safeguarding of public funds and the delivery of priorities within the Police and Crime Plan;
* Ensuring that total funding awarded through grants and grant agreements is within the amount allocated annually within the budget, and for awards across multiple years, within the amounts set out within the Commissioning Strategy;
* Meeting all publications requirements with regards to the award of grants and grant agreements.

The Director of Legal Services will be responsible for the provision of advice on grant agreements including advice on terms and conditions.

All staff employed by the Commissioner must abide by these Regulations in the conduct of the business of the office.

## Policy

The policy for COPCC grant awards and agreements is that:

* The award of grants is limited to VCSE organisations or other public sector partners for the purposes of partnership working.
* All activity undertaken to develop opportunities for grant awards and grant agreements is undertaken with the primary objective of supporting the Commissioner to deliver statutory responsibilities and achieve the priorities and objectives within the Police and Crime Plan.
* Decisions to award grants and enter into grant agreements should do so to achieve best Value for Money and social value, taking into account the amount of funding being committed and the outcomes that aim to be delivered from that funding, including social, economic and environmental benefits.
* The process to award grants should be proportionate to the amount of the grant award and the purpose for which it is being given. Processes will achieve an appropriate balance between risk, innovation and delivery.
* The award of grants will be undertaken in a transparent, fair and consistent manner, ensuring the highest standards of probity and accountability.
* All staff involved in commissioning activities will adhere to these Regulations and the Procurement Regulations. Consideration will be given to circumstances where members of staff would need to be excluded where their position may be compromised.
* The award of grants will be, where possible, undertaken in accordance with the principles set out in the Cumbria Compact.
* All commissioning activity shall comply with statutory requirements including, but not limited to, UK legislation, Directives of the European Community and relevant Government guidance.

# Procedure for Grant Awards and Grant Agreements

## Introduction

Police and Crime Commissioners have responsibility for enhancing criminal justice, community safety, reducing crime, and supporting victims. In carrying out those responsibilities the Anti-Social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2017 provides Commissioners with wide powers to provide or commission services that:

* in the opinion of the Commissioner, will secure, or contribute to securing, crime and disorder reduction
* are intended by the Commissioner to help victims or witnesses of, or other persons affected by, offences and anti-social behaviour;

In arranging for the provision of these services the legislation provides that the Commissioner may make grants in connection with the arrangements. The grants may be subject to any appropriate conditions, including conditions as to repayment.

In Cumbria these grant regulations set out the arrangements for making grants and entering into grant agreements for the purposes of exercising those powers and responsibilities. These regulations will apply in supporting the delivery of the Commissioning Strategy other than in cases where commissioning activity is being fulfilled through the Commissioner’s procurement regulation

These grant regulations have been developed to ensure that all those services, projects or initiatives funded by the PCC maintain a minimum set of requirements throughout the period that they are funded. They ensure that those services, projects or initiatives are operating at a safe and effective level and enables the PCC to hold them to account of delivery and promptly act on concerns raised.

It is incumbent on those applying for funding that they have fully read and understood these conditions, as the submission of an application form and acceptance of any subsequent funding offer will be accepted as confirmation to the agreement of the conditions.

## Procedure

The award of grants and entering into grant agreements can only be made by the Commissioner. Officers involved in commissioning activity that is planned to be delivered through a grant award and agreement must adhere to the following procedures:

* Activity must be consistent with the approved Commissioning Strategy, having regard to the commissioning principles set out within the strategy and the commitment to the Cumbria Compact.
* All commissioning activity, where appropriate should be supported by policy or research that identifies the need to commission further activity or interventions prior to the development of any schemes for the award of grants.
* Grants and grant agreements may only be used where they are in accordance with legislation, including the EU procurement regulations and are not seeking to confer a direct economic benefit to the Commissioner. In any other circumstances the Commissioner’s Procurement Regulations must be complied with. Where officers are unsure as to whether these Regulations or the Procurement Regulations apply they must seek the advice of the Director of Legal Services or the Head of Commercial Services.
* Grant awards should be made using an open process, other than for those awards that meet the criteria for exemptions to the open award process.
* An open award process is a scheme that is open to all VCSE providers and publicised through the Commissioner’s website and other appropriate media. Open award processes will have a predetermined purpose or set of outcomes and an evaluation model against which funding applications can be assessed. The application process should give careful consideration to the information applicants are asked to provide. Information requirements should not be burdensome but should be sufficient to ensure that the financial standing and delivery capabilities of the applicant can be reasonably assessed.
* The issue of all grants and grant agreements must include terms and conditions appropriate to the amount of the funding and a mechanism through which outcomes can be assessed.
* Grant agreements may be issued to partners on the basis of collaborative and pooled budget arrangements that support the discharge of shared responsibilities. This includes collaborative working with local authority partners to discharge shared responsibilities for community safety and youth offending; collaborative working with health and local authority partners to discharged shared responsibilities for commissioning sexual assault services for victims and collaborative working with probation partners to secure the enhancement of criminal justice and the commissioning of restorative justice services.
* Where partnership arrangements involve collaborative procurement undertaken on the basis of pooled budgets, the lead officer must ensure that the Commissioner’s Procurement Regulations are complied with.
* The Commissioner’s decision to make a grant award must be documented. This will be through decisions made at the board or through the decision-making process for non-executive decisions for decisions of made by scheme panels or decisions made directly by the Commissioner.
* All decision forms must be signed off by the Chief Executive.

Exemptions to the Open Award Process

The Chief Executive in consultation with the Commissioner may determine exemptions to open award process under specific limited circumstances. Specifically:

* In the event that a VCSE provider experiences financial/other difficulties that places at risk the provision of services to victims and/or at risk client groups, a grant may be provided directly, without an open process, to secure continuity of service delivery either with the existing VCSE provider or an alternate VCSE provider. Direct provision of the grant may not extend beyond a 12-month timeframe.
* In order to manage the transition from national to local commissioning, direct award of grants may be made to an existing or alternate VCSE provider for a maximum of 12 months to secure continuity of service in circumstances where: it is anticipated that the local arrangements will necessitate a full contract tender process and; value for money on the contracting arrangements can be better secured by providing a lead in time for due diligence on the specification requirements or; value for money maybe better secured by providing lead in time to develop collaborative working or different models of service delivery.
* Direct award of funding through a grant agreement can be made where there is a statutory provider and/or where the Commissioner has specific statutory responsibilities discharged through a statutory body or partnership and/or where a group of statutory partners determine to discharge shared statutory responsibilities jointly through a board or governance structure; for example Safer Cumbria Partnership.
* Direct award of funding through a grant agreement can be made to secure collaborative arrangements on the basis of pooled budgets with other public sector partners to discharge shared responsibilities where to do so secures value for money from the commissioning process in respect of outcomes and/or the efficiency of the commissioning process e.g. single tender process, economies of scale, single contract management arrangements, pooling of expertise/experience.
* A direct Grant award may be made where there is a clear business imperative to making the award. Examples could include funding of a time limited nature that would be lost to the Commissioner by following an open grant process; risk of delivery of key/specific elements of the police and crime plan; the requirement for very specialist services where there are a limited number of providers; pilot/research based projects seeking to develop the capacity/capability of new providers and/or test new initiatives with a view to scheme roll out on an open Commercial Services award basis.

## The Cumbria Compact

The Commissioner is committed to the Cumbria Compact, an agreement between public sector bodies, voluntary and community sectors To support working together more effectively to strength community’s and improve people lives. Our grant regulations and strategy will be delivered in accordance with the key principles of the Cumbria Compact.

## Officers engaged in commissioning activity will, where appropriate, ensure they are aware of the commitments made by signatories to the compact and seek to operate within the compact agreement

## Award of Grants

Grant awards can be made against specific funds set out within the Commissioning Strategy.

Covid-19 Community Recovery Fund: following the outbreak of Covid-19 March 2020 the commissioner provided an immediate response to assist and support organisation and community groups to help them manage the new issues arising in light of the Coronavirus pandemic and as restrictions eased.

The fund helped those groups that were struggling to maintain their vital support to victims by helping them to continue to provide services remotely. The fund is for particular organisations that can have an impact on the priorities within the Police and Crime Plan

This specific fund will end September 2020 and is currently not to applications.

The Police and Crime Property Fund: The police and crime property fund is a Fund that is awarded by the Commissioner with the aim of funding communities and organisations to work together to reduce crime and disorder locally. The types of applicants/organisations that can apply for a grant are Local Community groups, Neighbourhood Watch Schemes, Parish Councils, Charities, Voluntary Groups, and Schools. Groups must have the support of their locally based Police Officer and/or Police Community Support Officer who will help with the application. Applications for the police and crime property fund will be awarded for schemes that support the following priorities:

* Helping to keep children and young people active and safe
* Improving the support for vulnerable people to help them feel safer such as the elderly, victims of crime (e.g. abuse or discrimination), and also antisocial behaviour.
* Bringing together parts of the community that find it difficult to talk to or access each other.

The Victims’ Services Fund: The victims’ services fund is a specific ring-fenced fund backed by a central Government grant to commission the widest possible range of services for victims and by the widest possible means. The fund will commission a victims referral service helpline from April 2015 and local support services in addition to a victim’s information hub. The fund will primarily support collaborative partnership arrangements to transition nationally commissioned services to a regional/local commissioning model. The fund will also support arrangements for small grant awards with a specific focus on victim’s advocacy and capacity building within the VCSE sector. In 2020 the Ministry of Justice launched the MOJ Covid-19 Extraordinary Fund to enable PCC’s to help local organisation who support victims of sexual violence and domestic abuse to continue providing vital services. The Commissioner conducted a grant application process in line with MOJ guidance to enable a transparent and fair process to award funding. The grant has been provided by the MOJ on a short term funding basis up to 31st March 2021.

The Partnership Fund: The partnership fund is a fund that provides for collaborative working and pooled budget initiatives to support the discharge of areas of shared statutory responsibility with our wider public sector partners across health, probation and the local government sectors. The fund provides for the implementation of agreements in support of partnership working across shared responsibilities for victims and witnesses, community safety, crime reduction and anti-social behaviour.

## Open Grant Schemes and Evaluation Criteria

All Open Grant Schemes will provide sufficient information to target organisations in respect of the purpose of the scheme and any criteria or specification information against which applications will be considered. Application forms should be easily downloadable from the Commissioner’s website and application packs should detail contact information for further advice and/or support. Schemes should specify the evaluation criteria against which bids for funding will be considered. The criteria will be bespoke to each scheme but should include, as a minimum:

* A clear description of the proposal demonstrating how it meets the purpose of the scheme
* The quality of the submission in relation to performance measures, outcomes or outputs and how they will be monitored and reported.
* The quality of the applicant’s proposal against a detailed scoring and evaluation framework that supports the scheme specification or purpose.
* The quality of financial information and a review of the financial standing of the bidding organisation. For small grant schemes financial standing can be assessed on the basis of submission of the statement of accounts and/or bank statement information.

Specifications and evaluation criteria for schemes of significant value can be complex and will need to be as robust as those developed for a procurement exercise. Officers developing schemes of significant value should seek support and input from the relevant procurement business partner.

## Grant Agreement Terms and Conditions

Once a decision has been taken to award grant funding, the arrangements must be set out in writing in an offer letter. The letter must be appended with a grant agreement that sets out the terms and conditions that apply to the funding. The agreement must be sent out with the letter in duplicate and signed by the Commissioner. No payment of funding can be made until the agreement has been signed and returned by the party to which the offer has been made. It is the responsibility of the person leading on the grant scheme and/or implementing the decision to award a grant to ensure the grant agreement has an appropriate set of terms and conditions. The following considerations must be applied:

1. Where the agreement is being funded from government grant, the terms and conditions of funding must include the terms and conditions that the government grant is subject to. For all other funding the terms and conditions of the agreement should be proportionate the amount of the grant award and the risk/complexities of the activity being funded.
2. Terms and conditions for open award grant schemes should be advertised alongside details of the scheme or within the scheme application form. Prior advertisement of terms and conditions will not preclude a grant offer being made with terms that are supplemental to those advertised where this is appropriate to the grant offer/scheme being funded. In these circumstances the additional terms should either be set out in the offer letter or referenced in the offer letter and highlighted in the funding agreement.
3. . As a minimum all agreements will include standard legal terms and conditions that seek to protect the Commissioner’s interests and ensure public money is properly administered and spent for the purposes for which the grant is awarded. Whilst the agreement provides a baseline of terms, officers developing schemes must still consider carefully the need for additional/bespoke terms and conditions to supplement the agreement. Legal services advice should be sought on any additional/bespoke terms.
4. All funding agreements will need to describe the purpose of the funding. These are the specific reasons for the funding award and should clearly detail any requirements upon which funding is conditional, including where applicable, the scheme specification. This section of the agreement should also include information requirements, for example in respect of performance measures, outcomes and/or outputs expected to be achieved from the funding in addition to information as to how recipients of funding are expected to evidence their compliance with the agreement. This will include the frequency and format of monitoring reports and information.
5. All funding agreements will need to set out the basis for payment of the agreed funding. Consideration must be given to the timing of funding and any evidence of expenditure or monitoring information that should be submitted prior to the release of funds. Generally, grants should be paid in arrears, with evidence of expenditure, other than for small grant schemes. Funding agreements that are funded from government grants should provide a payment and evidence schedule that takes into account the requirement for the OPCC office to submit and draw down funds from government. Advice should be sought from financial services in respect of these requirements.
6. Approval must be sought from the Head of Partnerships and Commissioning for any exceptions to the standard provisions within these regulations for payment schedules that seek to reduce the requirements. This includes agreements (excluding small grant schemes) that make payment in advance of expenditure or small grant schemes that pay all funding in advance
7. .Funded organisations must take steps to ensure that modern slavery and or human trafficking is not taking place within the organisations own business or within those services or organisations that it funds. These steps may include a Modern-Day Slavery Statement, an Anti-Slavery Policy and Whistleblowing Policy and those that it employs either directly or indirectly are on the national minimum wage or national living wage.
8. This section on terms and conditions does not apply to the Police and Crime Property Fund. The Police and Crime Property Fund will be administered in accordance with the scheme for that fund.

## Publication Requirements

Decisions to award grants and enter into grant agreements are subject to publication under the Elected Local Policing Bodies (Specified Information) Order. Grant schemes and offer letters should make these requirements clear to applicants and/or partners and provide an opportunity for either party to clearly identify any information that may be classed as confidential and subject to redaction. Any decision to redact is made by the Commissioner and advice should be sought from the Monitoring Officer where there appears to be a conflict between compliance with information requirements and confidentiality.